

The relational schema of the Mondial database

Country: the countries (and similar areas) of the world with some data.

name: The country name

code: The country code

capital: The name of the capital

province: The province where the capital belongs to

area: the total area (square miles)

population: the population number

Economy: economical information about the countries.

country: the country code

GDP: gross domestic product (in million \$)

agriculture: percentage of agriculture of the GDP

service: percentage of services of the GDP

industry: percentage of industry of the GDP

inflation: inflation rate (per annum)

Population: information about the population of the countries.

country: the country code

population growth: population growth rate (per annum)

infant mortality: infant mortality (per thousand)

borders: information about neighboring countries. Note that in this relation, for every pair of neighboring countries (A,B), only one tuple is given – thus, the relation is not symmetric.

country1: a country code

country2: a country code

length: length of the border between country1 and country2

Continent: Information about continents.

name: name of the continent

area: total area of the continent

encompasses: information to which continents a country belongs.

country: the country code

continent: the continent name

percentage: percentage, how much of the area of a country belongs to the continent

City: information about cities.

name: the name of the city

country: the country code where it belongs to

province: the name of the province where it belongs to

population: population of the city

longitude: geographic longitude

latitude: geographic latitude

Province: information about administrative divisions.

name: the name of the administrative division

country: the country code where it belongs to

area: the total area of the province

population: the population of the province

capital: the name of the capital

capprov: the name of the province where the capital belongs to

note that capprov is not necessarily equal to name. E.g., the municipality of Bogota (Columbia) is a province of its own, and Bogota is the capital of the surrounding province Cudinamarca.

Organization: information about political and economical organizations.

name: the full name of the organization

abbreviation: its abbreviation

city: the city where the headquarter is located

country: the country code where the headquarter is located

province: the province where the headquarter is located

established: date of establishment

is_member: memberships in political and economical organizations.

organization: the abbreviation of the organization

country: the code of the member country

type: the type of membership

River: information about rivers.

name: the name of the river

length: the length of the river

river: the river where it flows to

lake: the lake where it flows to

sea: the sea where it flows to

source: the coordinates of its source

sourceAltitude: the altitude of its source

mountains: the mountains where its source is located

source: the coordinates of its estuary

Sea: information about seas.

name: the name of the sea

depth: the maximal depth of the sea

merges_with: information about neighboring seas. Note that in this relation, for every pair of neighboring seas (A,B), only one tuple is given – thus, the relation is not symmetric.

sea1: a sea

sea2: a sea

located: information about cities located at rivers, lakes, and seas.

city: the name of the city

country: the country code where the city belongs to

province: the province where the city belongs to

river: the river where it is located at

lake: the lake where it is located at

sea: the sea where it is located at

Note that for a given city, there can be several lakes/seas/rivers where it is located at.

geo_Sea: geographical information about seas

sea: the name of the sea

country: the country code where it is located

province: the province of this country

geo_River: geographical information about rivers

river: the name of the river

country: the country code where it is located

province: the province of this country